

2017年度

沖縄大学

一般入試(中期)

「英語」

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問1. 次の英文の ( ) 内に入る語 (句) として最も適したものを、a~d の中から一つ選び、解答欄に記入しなさい。

1. “May I use the pencil on the table?” “No, do not use ( ).”  
a. it                      b. one                      c. another                      d. the other
2. It’s cold in this classroom. Would you please ( ) the window?  
a. close                      b. closing                      c. to close                      d. to closing
3. Ken needs to pass the final exam in order to pass the course. He ( ) study hard.  
a. can                      b. may                      c. might                      d. should
4. These Russian words are very ( ).  
a. difficult of pronounce                      b. difficult to pronouncing  
c. easy of pronounce                      d. easy to pronounce
5. This textbook is ( ) read.  
a. easy enough for                      b. enough easy for  
c. easy enough to                      d. enough easy to
6. My father is very happy ( ) the news.  
a. of                      b. by                      c. for                      d. about
7. “How did Naoko and Sumiko get here?”  
“They came ( ).”  
a. for see me                      b. to see me                      c. by bus                      d. by walk
8. Michiyo was eating lunch ( ) I called her.  
a. when                      b. while                      c. during                      d. already
9. The Nobel Prize winner of this year became known ( ) people all over the world.  
a. between                      b. for                      c. to                      d. with
10. My mother suddenly became ill. That's ( ) I was late for school.  
a. why                      b. how                      c. reason                      d. because



問2. 次の会話文の(1)~(5)に入る最も適切な表現をそれぞれの選択肢 a)~e)の中から一つずつ選び、アルファベットで答えなさい。

Ken: Would you like to go out for a BBQ on Kira-Kira Beach next Saturday?

Yuko: A BBQ? (1 ) Is there something I can bring?

Ken: Well, we could use an extra plastic sheet to put on the ground.

Yuko: (2 )

Ken: And could you bring something to eat for dessert?

Yuko: OK. I can make some donuts. (3 )

Ken: Oh, and drinks. Soft drinks or fruit juice – something like that.

Yuko: I've got plenty of soft drinks in my refrigerator. (4 )

Ken: That'd be great. One thing you shouldn't bring, though.

Yuko: (5 )

Ken: Your spiders!

- a) Anything else?
- b) I'll bring some of those.
- c) No problem.
- d) What's that?
- e) Yes, I'd like that.

問3. 次の英文を読んで、1~3 の間に答えなさい。太字で示されている語句には、注が付されています。

### Trouble in Cyber Space

The Internet is a powerful tool for communication, research, exchanging ideas, and transferring information. The Internet is also a great business tool. Every day the number of internet users increases. Many people use the Internet for e-mail, website surfing, and ①commerce. Unfortunately, the Internet has also become a **pathway** to major crimes. Three of the most serious crimes which occur on the net are pornography, the sale of ②illegal drugs and privacy violations.

The first crime, pornography, **represents** a very serious issue. The number of pornography websites is increasing and they seem to be very popular. While it is up to the morals of each individual adult whether he or she chooses to view pornography, more efforts must be made to protect children from access to these sites. Furthermore, since the Internet offers some **anonymity**,

child pornography is also a very serious problem. Some people often exchange illegal pornographic pictures of children.

The second major crime is the sale and purchase of illegal drugs through the Internet. The ③ anonymous nature of the Internet adds to this problem yet again. In addition, it is very difficult for the police to monitor such illegal activity. Sites which sell drugs or information about how to get illegal drugs are ④ constantly posted on information **billboards** on the net anonymously.

The third very serious crime is related to personal privacy and financial privacy. As more and more people use the Internet for shopping and business, people have to **transmit** personal and financial information. Although there are ⑤ protection programs designed to keep transmissions private, hackers break into computer systems and steal information such as credit card numbers. This can cause **tremendous** problems for both the individual ⑥ consumer and the companies.

Although the Internet is a fast-growing and dynamic tool, the international community must take steps and make efforts to prevent and **prosecute** crimes on the Internet. Computer **viruses** which may shut down large computer networks and cause damage to personal computer hard drives are also a very serious international problem for the net. It is **ironic** that the Internet which benefits so many people in so many ways is also used as a tool for crime.

(Adapted from *Your Point of View*, J.S.Cravotta III et al., Ikubundo, 2006)

(注)	pathway 道・手段	represent 示す	anonymity 匿名性
	billboards 広告板・掲示板		transmit 伝える
	tremendous とてつもない・恐ろしい		prosecute 摘発する
	viruses ウィルス	ironic 皮肉な	

1. 本文中の①～⑥の英語の意味と合うものを、a)~f)の中から選んで答えなさい。  
a) business                      b) defense                      c) shopper  
d) unknown                      e) unlawful                      f) very often
2. ネット上における深刻な犯罪が3つ挙げられているが、それぞれを10字以内の日本語で答えなさい。
3. 著者はインターネットについて、どんなことが「皮肉だ」と言っているか、40字以内の日本語で答えなさい。

問4. 次の英文を読んで、1~4の間に答えなさい。

Most people use their mouths to talk, but did you know some people use their hands to speak? Some people who cannot hear use their hands to communicate messages to others. This is called sign language. These people make shapes with their fingers, movements with their hands, as well as different facial expressions in order to talk to other people.

One way people speak with their hands is by making shapes for letters with their fingers. For example, if you make an “OK” sign with your thumb and finger, that is the shape for the letter “f” in American sign language. Each letter has a hand shape. This way people can spell words using their hands. For example, if you want to spell “fun,” you need to make three shapes. First you make the shape for the letter “f,” then the shape for the letter “u,” and then the shape for the letter “n.”

People also move their hands to talk in a sign language. If you move your hand from your nose to your chin, you can say “mother” in American sign language. Of course, you have to use the correct hand shape, too. That shape is like holding your hand open with all five fingers showing. If you move your hand from the top of your head to your chin, you can say “father.” Again, you have to use the same hand shape that you used for “mother.”

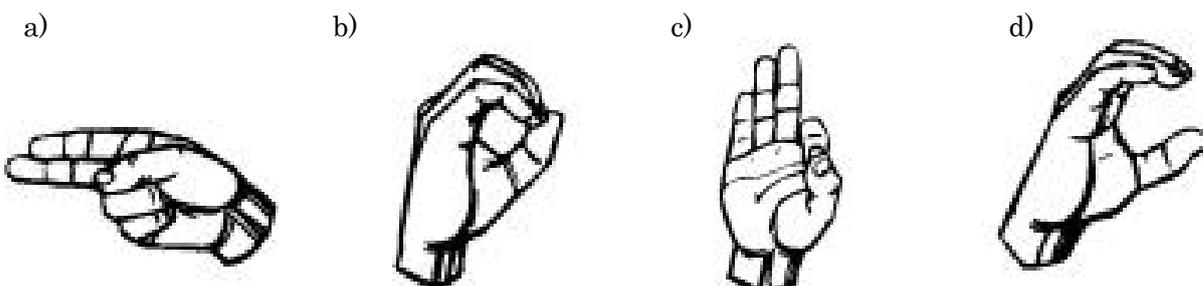
Finally, people can change their faces to communicate in a sign language. For example, if you want to ask a question, you need to make your eyebrows go up. You also need to move your head forward a little. If you want to say “I do not know,” you need to make your eyes smaller and make your eyebrows go down.

(Adapted from *Reading for Speed and Fluency 2*, Paul Nation & Casey Malarcher, Compass Publishing, 2007)

1. “sign language”の説明として本文の内容と合致しているものを選びなさい。

- a) 耳の聞こえる人が耳の聞こえない人とコミュニケーションをとるためのサイン
- b) 指を使って形を作ったり、手を動かしたり、顔の表情などを用いる言語
- c) 指や手のみでメッセージを伝える言語
- d) OKサインのような話し言葉を補う身振り

2. “sign language”では“f”の文字は下記のいずれの指の形で表すか答えなさい。



3. “sign language”で、“mother”と“father”の違いを最も的確に説明しているものを選びなさい。

- a) 指の形は自由で、手を動かす場所だけに注意したらよい。
- b) 指の形が重要で、手の動きは関係ない。
- c) 手を開いた状態で、手を動かす場所を注意したらよい。
- d) 指の形は同じだが、手を縦に動かすか横に動かすかが重要である。

4. 下記の説明のうち、本文の内容と合致しているものを選びなさい。

- a) “sign language”で質問するときは眉毛を上げて、やや前傾姿勢をとる。
- b) “sign language”で質問するときは指で眉毛をつり上げて、頭をコツンと軽く叩く。
- c) “sign language”で「知らない」と述べる時は、下まぶたを下げる。
- d) “sign language”で「知らない」と述べる時は、薄目を開ける。

問5. [英作文] どんな大学生活を送りたいかを、50語～80語の英語で書きなさい。